

Strictly Embargoed until 09.30 HRS on Thursday 23 August 2018

Northern Ireland GCSE Results 2018

- A strong performance from Northern Ireland students.
- Overall gender performance gap continues to widen.
- STEM subjects remain popular.

Figures released this morning by the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ^{CIC}) show Northern Ireland students continuing to perform well in GCSE examinations.

The proportion of entries awarded A* - C grades¹ has risen by 0.7 percentage points, this year, to 81.1%. The number of entries achieving the A* grade is 9.9%, a small increase of 0.4 percentage points on the previous year.

GCSE entries in Northern Ireland have decreased by 0.4% from 171,060 to 170,348.

There has been a slight improvement in GCSE English Language and Mathematics. In English Language, the percentage of entries achieving A* - C grades increased by 0.6 percentage points to 80.2%. In Mathematics, the percentage of entries achieving A* - C grades has increased by 1.7 percentage points to 68.1%.

Females achieving A*- C grades increased to 85.1%, by 0.9 percentage points. The proportion of male entries achieving A*- C grades rose by 0.5 percentage points to 76.9%. The gap between female and male performance at A*- C grades has widened from 7.8 to 8.2 percentage points.

STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics) subjects now account for 43% of all GCSE entries in Northern Ireland, with an increase of 2.4% on the previous year.

The number of female entries for STEM related subjects increased by 4.9%. Male entries in STEM subjects increased by 0.1%. Entries have also increased in subjects such as Drama, Construction and Business Studies.

The proportion of overall entries for languages remains broadly stable, with a 0.2 percentage point decrease on the previous year.

This is the second year of the 9-1 grade scale offered by English based Awarding Organisations. A small percentage of students in Northern Ireland (1.7%) will receive a 9-1 grade, with the vast majority (98.3%) of students continuing to take A* - G graded GCSEs.

Standards remain anchored at grades A/7, C/4 and G/1. Comparisons across years, subjects and jurisdictions, are possible at these anchor points.

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Notes to Editors

¹ This year's results are a combined figure of A*- C with 9- 4 from the new numerical 9-1 grading. 9-1 grades were awarded to 1.7% (2,914 grades) of students in Northern Ireland.

98.3% (167,434) of GCSE students in Northern Ireland sat A* - C qualifications.

Further information on the GCSE grade changes is available http://ccea.org.uk/regulation/gcse_grading

The statistics below represent the provisional Northern Ireland GCSE results from five JCQ awarding organisations: - AQA, CCEA, OCR, Pearson and WJEC

Table 1: Northern Ireland GCSE entries and provisional results – all scales (A*-G / 9-1)

	2018	2017
Entries	170,348	171,060
%A*- A/7	29.4	29.2
%A*- C/4	81.1	80.4
%A* - G/1	99.1	99.0

Table 2: Northern Ireland GCSE provisional results by gender (combined A*-G/9-1)

2018 Provisional	Males		Females	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
%A* - A/7	23.2	23.4	35.3	34.8
%A* - C/4	76.9	76.4	85.1	84.2
%A* - G/1	98.8	98.8	99.4	99.3

- The JCQ^{CIC} is a membership body and comprises AQA, CCEA, City & Guilds, NCFE, OCR, Pearson, SQA and WJEC – the eight largest providers of qualifications in the UK.
- 2. Media contacts: The JCQ's press office can be contacted on: 020 7227 0671/020 7638 4132/07905 683 816
- Detailed tabulations of the GCSE Full Course, GCSE Short Course, GCSE
 Double Award, Entry Level Certification, Level 1 and Level 2 Project are
 published separately, with the STRICT EMBARGO OF 09.30 HOURS
 THURSDAY 23 AUGUST 2018 and will be available on the JCQ website from
 0930 on 23 August www.jcq.org.uk
- 4. These results are for qualifications taken by students across the UK but predominantly in England, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- 5. All awarding organisations are answerable to the regulatory authorities Ofqual (England), Welsh Government (Wales) and CCEA (Northern Ireland) for examinations standards. The regulatory authorities monitor the awarding bodies' standards. In addition, the awarding organisations themselves conduct a number of comparability studies to compare standards. Maintaining standards within and across all qualifications in order to ensure fairness to all candidates is the paramount concern of the awarding bodies.